

Directors' Review

The Board of Directors (the Board) is pleased to present the condensed interim unconsolidated financial statements of Pak Libya Holding Company (Private) Limited (the Company) for the period ended 30 June 2020 together with Directors' review thereon.

Performance review

The Company generated profit before tax of PKR 561.61 million during the period under review as compared to loss before tax of PKR 388.31 million in the corresponding period last year.

Gross mark-up income during the period was PKR 1,782.28 million compared to PKR 726.99 million last year; net interest income (NII) has increased significantly by PKR 345.94 million mainly due to the favourable movement in interest rates and its effects on Company's margin and capital gains on government securities portfolio.

During the period, the Company generated net cash flows of PKR 3,195.35 million from its operations as compared to utilisation of PKR 2,596 million in corresponding period mainly due to increase in borrowing. The total assets of the Company have increased to PKR 33,241.76 million – an increase of around PKR 4,143.91 million (compared to financial yearend 2019) mainly in credit and debt investment portfolios.

The summarised financial results for the period are as follows:

Description	Half year ended 30 June 2020	Half year ended 30 June 2019		
	PKR '000			
Profit/(loss) before taxation	561,606	(388,310)		
Taxation	140,768	15,571		
Profit/(loss) after taxation	420,838	(403,882)		
Earnings/(loss) per share (Rupees)	613.39	(657.60)		

Future prospects

In relation to minimum capital requirement (MCR), the authorised capital of the Company has increased to PKR 10 billion. During the period under review, the Company has increased its paid up capital against the equity received in tranches. Consequently, the paid up capital of the Company has increased to PKR 7.541 billion. Furthermore, the Company is in the process of follow up with Ministry of Finance (MoF) GoP for its remaining tranche of PKR 300 million and is expecting to receive the same in third quarter 2020. Since the Libyan shareholder has already injected the entire equity, its remaining amount of PKR 300 million has been treated as advance against share subscription till issuance of remaining shares.

In addition to the equity injection, the Company has taken various measures including efforts to dispose non-banking assets related to Kamoki Energy Limited and tighten the controls over operating cost and expenses with the aim to attain profit and positive cash flows from operations. The management is taking steps to improve the Company's liquidity, profitability and cash flows via active cost saving and other measures.



The management of the Company after critically evaluating its options had finalised the terms of restructuring deal for the disposal of these assets with a specialised engineering firm. Under the arrangement, both the parties agreed to enter into a business venture whereby the assets of KEL would be used for setting up of captive power plants to be used for industrial units through power purchase agreements on 'Build Own Operate' or 'Build Own Operate Transfer' basis. As per agreement, the total consideration will be paid from the power plant cash flows to be received from time to time on such dates and with such amounts as mutually agreed by the parties. These power plants can be sold to prospective buyers, in parts or in full. Consequently, the transaction has been professionally structured and amicably closed between both the parties. The real objective and success is to deploy these assets into economic use so that it would contribute many positive benefits into the economy and help generate economic activity e.g., employment, foreign direct investment, revenues and capital.

Moreover, to improve the performance, the management is focusing on all possible avenues for profitable operations of the Company with an objective to expand its loan book including SME financing activities. A cautious stance is being maintained towards further asset growth.

In view of the overall efforts being made by the management, we are confident of positive business prospects for the Company.

Acknowledgments

On behalf of the Board, we would like to express gratitude to our shareholders for their continued support and trust. We are also thankful to employees of the Company for their hard work and dedication.

For and on behalf of the Board

Khalid Joma Eyarzor
Deputy Managing Director

15 August 2020

Khurram Hussain Managing Director & CEO

Ph. Twee.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON REVIEW OF CONDENSED INTERIM UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF PAK-LIBYA HOLDING COMPANY (PRIVATE) LIMITED

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim unconsolidated statements of financial position of Pak-Libya Holding Company (Private) Limited (the Company) as at June 30, 2020 and the related condensed interim unconsolidated profit or loss account, condensed interim unconsolidated statements of comprehensive income, condensed interim unconsolidated cash flow statements, condensed interim unconsolidated statements of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements for the six months period then ended (here-in-after referred to as "the condensed interim financial statements"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the condensed interim financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Statements Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of the condensed interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial statements is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting.



Emphasis of Matters

We draw attention to the followings;

- Note 1.2 to the accompanying condensed interim unconsolidated financial statements which explains that the Company has requested State Bank of Pakistan (SBP), for further exemption to the Company form the required minimum paid-up capital (free of losses) of Rs. 6 billion till June 30, 2020.
- 2) Note 9.1.4 to the accompanying condensed interim unconsolidated financial statements, where the management has disclosed the matter related to the recoverability of Company's investment in Summit Banks' (counter party) TFC's amounting to Rs.398.58 million.

Our conclusion is not qualified in respect of the above matters.

Other Matters

The figures of the condensed interim profit and loss account and condensed interim statements of comprehensive income for the three months period ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 have not been reviewed, as we are required to review only the cumulative figures for the six months period ended June 30, 2020.

The engagement partner on the review resulting in this independent auditor's review report is **Muhammad Shaukat Naseeb**

Excut Illoration Hingun Jahnen Grant Thorton Anjum Rahman

Chartered Accountants

Karachi

Date:

15 AUG 2020

PAK-LIBYA HOLDING COMPANY (PRIVATE) LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

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(Un-audited)

(Audited)

	Note	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
	Hote	(Rupees	
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with treasury banks	6	107,216	32,474
Balances with other banks	7	170,054	134,554
Lendings to financial institutions	8	2,250,000	2,800,000
Investments	9	22,736,475	19,019,915
Advances	10	5,145,134	4,525,152
Fixed assets	11	105,770	87,155
Intangible assets	12	2,577	3,190
Deferred tax asset - net	13	49,975	52,526
Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claim - held for sale	14	1,179,360	1,179,360
Other assets	14	1,495,206	1,263,532
		33,241,767	29,097,858
LIABILITIES			
Bills payable	16		
Borrowings	17	24,848,037	21,914,147
Deposits and other accounts	18	1,874,026	1,551,020
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	19		-10-2-10-2-1
Sub-ordinated loans	20		
Deferred tax liabilities - net	21		
Other liabilities	22	313,366	379,173
		27,035,429	23,844,340
NET ASSETS		6,206,338	5,253,518
REPRESENTED BY			
Share capital		7,541,780	6,141,780
Reserves		395,818	311,650
Surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of assets - net of tax	23	(4,354)	(36,336)
Unappropriated / unremitted profit / (loss)		(2,026,906)	(2,363,576)
Advance against shares subscription		300,000	1,200,000
		6,206,338	5,253,518
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	24		

The annexed notes 1 to 45 form an integral part of these condensed interim unconsolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Director

Managing Director & CEO

PAK-LIBYA HOLDING COMPANY (PRIVATE) LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM UNCONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

		Quarter e	nded	Six months ended		
	Note	June 2020 (Rupees in	June 2019 '000)	June 2020 (Rupees in	June 2019 '000)	
Mark-up / return / interest earned Mark-up / return / interest expensed	26	811,767	355,176	1,782,283	726,985	
Net mark-up / interest income	27	598,775 212,992	(30,106)	1,478,607 303,676	769,252 (42,267)	
NON MARK-UP / INTEREST INCOME						
Fee and commission income	28	1,333	2,023	8,350	2,550	
Dividend income		15,250	19,070	25,488	28,268	
Foreign exchange income		116	18	124	19	
Income / (loss) from derivatives				-	-	
Gain / (loss) on securities - net Unrealised loss on revaluation of investments	29	413,743	(80,065)	439,995	(73,829)	
classified as 'held-for-trading'	29	(1,620)	(285)	(1,620)	(456)	
Other income	30	1,220	3,114	2,284	5,125	
Total non mark-up / interest income		430,042	(56,125)	474,621	(38,323)	
Total Income	~	643,034	(86,231)	778,297	(80,590)	
NON MARK-UP/INTEREST EXPENSES						
Operating expenses	31	112,251	110,660	219,537	211,014	
Workers welfare fund	24	-	-	2.0		
Other charges	32	3,407	2,641	8,770	5,181	
Total non mark-up / interest expenses		115,658	113,301	228,307	216,195	
Profit / (loss) before provisions		527,376	(199,532)	549,990	(296,785)	
(Reversal) / provisions and write offs - net	33	42,106	66,700	(11,616)	91,528	
Extraordinary / unusual items	14	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-	
PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION		485,270	(266,232)	561,606	(388,313)	
Taxation	34	132,100	2,358	140,768	15,571	
PROFIT / (LOSS) AFTER TAXATION		353,170	(268,590)	420,838	(403,884)	
		(Rupe	es)	(Rupee	es)	
Basic earnings / (loss) per share	35	514.76	(437.32)	613.39	(657.60)	
Diluted earnings / (loss) per share	36	514.76	(437.32)	613,39	(657.60)	

The annexed notes 1 to 45 form an integral part of these condensed interim unconsolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

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Managing Director & CEO

PAK-LIBYA HOLDING COMPANY (PRIVATE) LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Quarter		Six months ended	
	June	June	June	June
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	(Rupees in	'000)	(Rupees in	(000)
Profit / (loss) after taxation	353,170	(268,590)	420,838	(403,884)
Other comprehensive income - net				
Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss account in subsequent periods:				
Effect of translation of net investment in foreign branches			-	-
Movement in surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of investments - net of tax*	(7,594)	17,082	31,982	59,451
Others	-	11.0	-	-
	(7,594)	17,082	31,982	59,451
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss account in subsequent periods:				
Remeasurement gain / (loss) on defined benefit obligations - net of tax		-		
Movement in surplus on revaluation of operating fixed assets - net of tax	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1.2		-
Movement in surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets - net of tax	4	J-	-	
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	345,576	(251,508)	452,820	(344,433)

*Surplus / (deficit) arising on revaluation of 'Available-for-sale securities' - net of tax has been shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in order to comply with the revised "Prudential Regulations for Corporate / Commercial Banking" issued by the State Bank of Pakistan vide BPRD Circular No. 06 of 2014 on 26 June 2014.

The annexed notes 1 to 45 form an integral part of these condensed interim unconsolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Director

Managing Director & CEO

PAK-LIBYA HOLDING COMPANY (PRIVATE) LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Share capital/		Surplus/on revalu		Unappropriated/	
	Head office capital account	Statutory reserve	Investments	Fixed / Non Banking Assets	Unremitted profit/ (loss)	Total
	445454		(Rupees	in '000)	***************************************	
Opening balance as at 1 January 2019	6,141,780	311,650	(215,171)		(2,069,770)	4,168,489
(Loss) after taxation (June 2019)	-	-	(,,		(403,884)	(403,884)
Other comprehensive income - net of tax	·		59,451			59,451
Remittances made to/ received from head office	3-1				ě.	
Transfer to statutory reserve	*	-	-	-	<i>i</i> €	
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of						
assets to unappropriated profit - net of tax		18		-		
Remeasurement gain / (loss) on defined benefit obligations - net of tax	9	+4	4	-		-
Transactions with owners, recorded						
directly in equity		11-	A	4.0	34	-
Dividend	•				1 2	-
Issue of share capital	3-0	1,2			30	- 2
Exchange adjustments on revaluation of capital			-			
Opening balance as at 01 July 2019	6,141,780	311,650	(155,720)		(2,473,654)	3,824,056
(Loss) for the period				-	100,172	100,172
Other comprehensive income - net of tax	8∓4		119,384	-		119,384
Remittances made to/ received from head office	÷1				100	+
Transfer to statutory reserve						•
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of						
assets to unappropriated profit - net of tax	-		-	-		-
Remeasurement gain / (loss) on defined						
benefit obligations - net of tax			=	5.0	9,906	9,906
Transactions with owners, recorded						
directly in equity	7		-		2	2
Dividend				-	•	•
Issue of share capital Exchange adjustments on revaluation of capital				in the		
Opening balance as at 01 January 2020	6,141,780	311,650	(36,336)	-	(2,363,576)	4,053,518
Profit after taxation (June 2020)	-			124	420,838	420,838
Other comprehensive income - net of tax	2		31,982		-	31,982
Remittances made to/ received from head office	*				- 17 -	*
Transfer to statutory reserve		84,168	1.0		(84,168)	-
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of						
assets to unappropriated profit - net of tax			-	•	4	+
Remeasurement gain / (loss) on defined			-			-
Transactions with owners, recorded						
directly in equity			-			2
Dividend			-	-		
Issue of share capital	1,400,000		-	÷1	7	1,400,000
Exchange adjustments on revaluation of capital	*					
Closing balance for the period 30 June 2020	7,541,780	395,818	(4,354)		(2,026,906)	5,906,338

The annexed notes 1 to 45 form an integral part of these condensed interim unconsolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Managing Director & CEO

June

2020

June

2019

PAK-LIBYA HOLDING COMPANY (PRIVATE) LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM UNCONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

---- (Rupees in '000) ----CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (Loss) / profit before taxation 561,606 (388,310)Less: Dividend income (28, 268)(25,488)536,118 (416,578)Adjustments: Depreciation 14,360 10,337 Amortization 563 (Reversal) / provision and write-offs 10.3 3,395 (53,491)Unrealised loss on revaluation of investments classified as 'held-for trading' 1,620 456 Reversal of provision against lendings to financial institutions (Reversal) of provision / provision against other assets 19,504 Provision / (reversal) of provision for diminution in the value of investments - net 9,2,1 41,875 68,628 (449)Gain on sale of operating fixed assets 30 (413)4,564 102,434 540,682 (314,144)(Increase) / decrease in operating assets Lendings to financial institutions 450,000 250,000 Held-for-trading securities (32,534)13,462 Advances (566,492)172,862 Others assets (excluding advance taxation) (204,480)(1,004)(353,505)435,321 Increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities Bills payable Borrowings from financial institutions 2,933,890 (2,658,567)Deposits 323,006 18,429 Other liabilities (65,807)4,910 3,191,089 (2,635,228)3,378,266 (2,514,052)Income tax paid (182,911)(81,952)Net cash generated from operating activities 3,195,354 (2,596,004)CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investments in 'available-for-sale' securities - net (3,676,950)2,297,165 Investments in 'held-to-maturity' securities - net 130,965 (823)Dividend received 25,222 28,268 Investments in operating fixed assets - net (34,808)(19,057)Proceeds from sale of operating fixed assets 2,170 2,246 Net cash flow (used) in investing activities (3,685,113)2,439,511 CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts/payments of subordinated debt Receipts/payments of lease obligations Issue of share capital 1,400,000 Advance against share subscription (900,000)200,000 Dividend paid Remittances made to/received from company Net cash flow generated from financing activities 500,000 200,000 Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 10,241 43,507 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period 1,867,029 1,777,650 42 Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period 1,877,270

The annexed notes 1 to 45 form an integral part of these condensed interim unconsolidated financial statements. 5500

Chief Financial Officer

Director

Managing Director & CEO

PAK-LIBYA HOLDING COMPANY (PRIVATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

1. STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

1.1 Pak-Libya Holding Company (Private) Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan as a private limited company on 14 October 1978. It is a joint venture between the Government of Pakistan and Government of Libya (State of Libya). The tenure of the Company was thirty years from the date of its establishment. The two contracting parties (i.e. both the governments through their representatives) settended the tenure for further thirty years upto 14 October 2038. The objectives of the Company interalia include the promotion of economic growth of Pakistan through industrial development, to undertake other feasible business and to establish and acquire companies to conduct various businesses as may be decided from time to time. The Company is designated as a Development Financial Institution (DFI) under the BPD Circular No. 35 dated 28 October 2003 issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP).

The registered office of the Company is located at 5th Floor, Block C, Finance and Trade Centre, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi, Pakistan. The Company has one sales and service center located at Lahore. Effective 05 August 2012, activities of Islamabad office have been suspended for the time being after review of the business strategy.

1.2 The State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) through its BSD Circular No. 19 dated 05 September 2008 has prescribed that the minimum paid-up capital (free of losses) for Development Financial Institutions (DFIs) is required to be maintained at Rs. 6 billion. The paid-up capital of the Company (free of losses) as of 30 June 2020 amounted to Rs. 5.515 billion (31 December 2019: Rs. 3.778 billion). In this regard, the authorised capital of the Company has increased to Rs.10 billion and the Company started the process of right issue to the shareholders. Moreover, SBP has been reviewing the progress and performance of the Company and the Company has been following up the matter of additional capital injection with the Ministry of Finance (MoF).

During the period under review, the Company has increased its paid up capital against the equity received in tranches. Consequently, the paid up capital of the Company has increased to Rs.7.541 billion. Furthermore, the Company is in the process of follow up with GoP for its remaining tranche of Rs.300 million and is expecting to receive the same in third quarter 2020. Since the Libyan shareholder has already injected the entire equity, its remaining amount of Rs.300 million has been treated as advance against share subscription till issuance of remaining shares.

In addition to the equity injection, the Company has taken various measures including efforts to dispose non-banking assets related to Kamoki Energy Limited and tighten the controls over operating cost and expenses with the aim to attain profit and positive cash flows from operations. The management is taking steps to improve the Company's liquidity, profitability and cash flows via active cost saving and other measures.

Further, the BoD of the Company have approved the Company's 5 year plan prepared by the management. The projections covered the period of 5 years. The management is confident that, taking into account the above mentioned plans and measures vis-a-vis actual performance, the Company will have sufficient funds to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations. The Company based on these developments, requested SBP for MCR extension till June 2020.

According to management's assessment, there is no significant impact of the effects of COVID-19 in these condensed interim unconsolidated financial statements.

Subsidiary Company

1.3 Kamoke Powergen (Private) Limited (the Company) (KPL) was incorporated in Pakistan as a private limited company on 07 February 2017. The Company is wholly owned subsidiary of Pak Libya Holding Company (Private) Limited. The Company has been established as a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) and was in the process of applying for the power generation license from NEPRA to increase the salability of assets of Kamoki Energy Limited (KEL). Approval from State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) was obtained for the formation of KPL which was granted vide letter No. BPRD/RPD/27366/16 dated 16 November 2016. The registered office of the Company is located at 5th Floor, Block C, Finance and Trade Centre, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi, Pakistan.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These condensed interim unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards IFRS issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017 provisions of and directives issued under the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 and directives isobe by the SBP and the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). Whenever the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, Companies Act, 2017 or the directives issued by the SBP and the SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS or IFAS, requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 and the said directives shall prevail.

The disclosures provided in these condensed interim unconsolidated financial statements, are limited, based on the format prescribed by SBP vide BPRD circular letter no. 5 dated 22 March 2014 & IAS 34.

10

7.2 The condensed interim unconsolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the audited annual unconsolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the audited annual unconsolidated financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2019.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies and methods of computation adopted in the preparation of these condensed interim unconsolidated financial statements are consistent with those applied in the preparation of the audited annual unconsolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2019.

3.1 New standards, interpretations and amendments

Standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards that are relevant but not yet effective and not early adopted by the Company

Certain new standards, interpretations and amendments that are mandatory for the accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019 but are considered either not relevant or do not have any significant impact on the Company's operation, except as follows:

IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments' replaces the existing 'IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement', IFRS 9 includes revised classification and measurement of financial instruments and a new expected credit loss approach for calculating impairment on financial assets. The Company carried out an impact assessment as at 31 December 2017 which was submitted to State Bank of Pakistan. The State Bank of Pakistan has deferred its implementation through BPRD circular No. 04 of 2019 dated 23 October 2019, till 31 December 2020, hence the implementation date for IFRS 9 is 1 January 2021.

IFRS 16 "Leases"

During the current year, the Company has adopted IFRS 16 as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) in January 2016.

IFRS 16 supercedes IAS 17 "Leases", IFRIC 4 "Determining whether an arrangment contains a Lease", SIC-15 "Operating Leases-Incentives" and SIC-27 "Evaluating the substance of transactions involving the legal form of a lease". The standard sets out the principles for recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessess to account for all leases under a single on-balance sheet model.

Lessor accounting under IFRS 16 is substantially unchanged under IAS 17. Lessors will continue to classify leases as either operating or finance leases using similar principles as in IAS 17. Therefore, IFRS 16 did not have an impact for leases where the Company is the lessor.

The adoption of IFRSs do not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements, except IFRS 9.

Standards, interpretations of and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

There are certain standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards that are not yet effective and are not expected to have any material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of their initial application.

The following new standards and amendments to existing accounting standards will be effective from dates mentioned below against respective standards or amendments.

Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)

I January 2020

1 January 2020

1 January 2020

IFRS 3, Business Combinations (Amendments)

IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements (Amendments)

IAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors (Amendments)

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The basis for accounting estimates adopted in the preparation of this condensed interim unconsolidated financial statements is the same as that applied in the preparation of the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The financial risk management objectives and policies adopted by the Company are consistent with those disclosed in the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

			(Un-audited) 30 June 2020 (Rupces	(Audited) 31 December 2019 in '000)
5	CASH AND BALANCES WITH TREASURY BANKS		(mpss	311 6-2
	In hand			
	Local currency		6	6
	Foreign currency		6,431	157
			6,437	163
	With State Bank of Pakistan in			
	Local currency current account	6.1	99,301	31,534
			99,301	31,534
	With other central banks in			
	Foreign currency current account			
	Foreign currency deposit account		-	¥.
	With National Bank of Pakistan in			17
	Local currency current account		1,477	777
	Local currency deposit account			-
			1,477	777
	Prize bonds			-
			107,216	32,474
	6.1 This includes a balance required to be maintained with the SBP by the regulations for cash reserve requirements. RALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS	Company in accordance		
		Company in accordance		
	regulations for cash reserve requirements. BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS	Company in accordance		12,356
	regulations for cash reserve requirements. BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS In Pakistan	Company in accordance	37,801 132,253	122,199
	regulations for cash reserve requirements. BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS In Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts		with the SBP's	122,199
	regulations for cash reserve requirements. BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS In Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts Outside Pakistan		37,801 132,253 170,054	122,199
	regulations for cash reserve requirements. BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS In Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts		37,801 132,253	12,356 122,199 134,554
	regulations for cash reserve requirements. BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS In Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts Outside Pakistan In current accounts		37,801 132,253 170,054	122,199
	regulations for cash reserve requirements. BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS In Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts Outside Pakistan In current accounts		37,801 132,253 170,054	122,199
	regulations for cash reserve requirements. BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS In Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts Outside Pakistan In current accounts	7.1	37,801 132,253 170,054	122,199 134,554 - -
	regulations for cash reserve requirements. BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS In Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts Outside Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts	7.1	37,801 132,253 170,054	122,199 134,554 - -
	regulations for cash reserve requirements. BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS In Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts Outside Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts 7.1 The return on these balances ranges from 6.50 to 11.30 (2019; 8.00 to 1	7.1	37,801 132,253 170,054	122,199 134,554 - -
	regulations for cash reserve requirements. BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS In Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts Outside Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts 7.1 The return on these balances ranges from 6.50 to 11.30 (2019; 8.00 to 1 LENDINGS TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	7.1 1.75) percent per annu	37,801 132,253 170,054	122,199 134,554
	regulations for cash reserve requirements. BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS In Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts Outside Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts 7.1 The return on these balances ranges from 6.50 to 11.30 (2019; 8.00 to 1 LENDINGS TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS Call / clean money lending Less: provision held against lending to financial institutions	7.1 1.75) percent per annu	37,801 132,253 170,054 - - - 170,054 m.	122,199 134,554 - - - 134,554 2,833,064 2,833,064 (33,064
	regulations for cash reserve requirements. BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS In Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts Outside Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts 7.1 The return on these balances ranges from 6.50 to 11.30 (2019; 8.00 to 1 LENDINGS TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS Call / clean money lending	7.1 1.75) percent per annu 8.1.1	37,801 132,253 170,054 - 170,054 m.	122,199 134,554 - - - 134,554 2,833,064 2,833,064 (33,064
	regulations for cash reserve requirements. BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS In Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts Outside Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts 7.1 The return on these balances ranges from 6.50 to 11.30 (2019; 8.00 to 1 LENDINGS TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS Call / clean money lending Less: provision held against lending to financial institutions Lending to financial institutions - net of provision	7.1 1.75) percent per annu 8.1.1	37,801 132,253 170,054 - - - 170,054 m.	122,199 134,554 - - - 134,554 2,833,064 2,833,064 (33,064
	regulations for cash reserve requirements. BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS In Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts Outside Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts 7.1 The return on these balances ranges from 6.50 to 11.30 (2019; 8.00 to 1 LENDINGS TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS Call / clean money lending Less: provision held against lending to financial institutions	7.1 1.75) percent per annu 8.1.1	37,801 132,253 170,054 - - - 170,054 m.	122,199 134,554 - - - 134,554 2,833,064 2,833,064 (33,064 2,800,000
	regulations for cash reserve requirements. BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS In Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts Outside Pakistan In current accounts In deposit accounts 7.1 The return on these balances ranges from 6.50 to 11.30 (2019; 8.00 to 1 LENDINGS TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS Call / clean money lending Less: provision held against lending to financial institutions Lending to financial institutions - net of provision 8.1 Particulars of lending	7.1 1.75) percent per annu 8.1.1	37,801 132,253 170,054 - - 170,054 m. 2,283,064 2,283,064 (33,064) 2,250,000	122,199 134,554 - - - 134,554 2,833,064

8.1.1 Call / clean money lending includes term deposit receipts carrying mark-up at rates ranging from 10.95 to 14.90 (2019: 14.50 to 15.00) percent per annum. These are due to mature between 03 September 2020 and 28 October 2020.

8.2 Category of classification

Rupces in '000 (Un-audited) (Audited) 30 June 31 December 2020 2019 Classified Provision Classified Provision Lending Domestic Lending held held Other assets especially mentioned Substandard Doubtful Loss 33,064 33,064 33,064 33,064 Total 33,064 33,064 33,064 33,064

The Company does not have any overseas lending during period ended June 2020 (2019: Nil).

INVESTMENTS	Note	(Un-audited) 30 June 2020			(Audited) 31 December 2019				
			(Rupees	in '000)			(Rupees	In '000)	
9.1 Investments by type:		Cost / amortised cost	Provision for diminution	Surplus / (deficit)	Carrying value	Cost / amortised cost	Provision for diminution	Surplus / (deficit)	Carrying value
Held-for-trading securities									
Federal government securities				-					
Shares		40,435	(1,620)		38,815	8,298	(397)		7,901
		40,435	(1,620)	-	38,815	8,298	(397)		7,901
Available-for-sale securities					30.				
Federal government securities		19,116,001	5	172,934	19,288,935	15,380,521		27,459	15,407,980
Shures		1,469,163	(408,439)	(175,357)	885,368	1,309,673	(366,564)	(79,630)	863,480
Non government debt securities	9.1.5 & 9.1.6	2,650,512	(332,549)		2,317,963	2,868,532	(332,549)		2,535,983
		23,235,677	(740,988)	(2,423)	22,492,266	19,558,727	(699,113)	(52,171)	18,807,443
Held-to-maturity securities									
Non government debt securities		206,260	(6,366)	-	199,894	205,437	(6,366)	-	199,071
		206,260	(6,366)		199,894	205,437	(6,366)	7	199,071
Associates	9.1.1, 9.1.2 & 9.1.3	705,367	(704,867)		500	705,367	(704,867)		500
Substituries	9.1.4	5,000	16	*	5,000	5,000	-		5,000
Total		24,192,739	(1,453,841)	(2,423)	22,736,475	20,482,828	(1,410,742)	(52,171)	19,019,915

- 9.1.1 This represents 50% shareholding in the ordinary shares (Rs.10 each) of Kamoki Energy Limited (KEL), which has been fully provided. The book value represents cost of investment amounting to Rs. 500 million less share of loss on interest in joint venture amounting to Rs. 95.133 million upto 30 June 2012. This investment was designated as strategic investment under the Prudential Regulations for Corporate / Commercial Banking.
- 9.1.2 These include preference shares amounting to Rs.300 million which are cumulative, convertible, redeemable and non-participatory carrying dividend at the rate of 17% per annum having face value of Rs.10 each. These were redeemable within four years of the allotment date. If preference shares are not fully redeemed by the issuer in this time period, the remaining part along with the unpaid dividend thereon would be convertible at the option of preference shareholder at par value of Rs.10 into ordinary shares ranking part passu in all respects with the ordinary shares except for participation in dividend / bonus distribution for the period for which preference share dividend has been paid.
- 9.1.3 It includes unlisted ordinary shares of FTC Management Company (Private) Limited. FTC Management Company (Private) Limited was incorporated in Pakistan. It is engaged in managing, operating and maintaining building housing offices with the name Finance and Trade Centre (FTC) for the mutual benefits of its owners and thus providing a nucleus for all joint and common services which are available in the FTC situated in Karachi.
- 9.1.4 The Company established a wholly owned subsidiary named Kamoke Powergen (Private) Limited with a paid-up capital of Rs. 5 million representing 500,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each. The Company appointed an EVP grade executive (Mr. Kashif Shabbit) as Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of KPL. KPL has been established as a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) to obtain power generation license from NEPRA to increase the saleability of assets of KEL. SBP's approval was obtained for the formation of KPL which was granted vide letter No. BPRD/RPD/27366/16 dated 16 November 2016. The Company has decided to divest 80% of shareholding of KPL to an engineering firm alongwith its management control and utilisation rights of KEL's assets (refere note 37.2).

9.1.5 It includes an investment in listed term finance certificates (TFC) amounting to Rs. 398,58 million comprising 79,955 units. During last quarter of the 2018, upon maturity, the issuer informed investors the status of minimum capital requirements and its pending merger with and into another Bank. As a result, issuer could not make the final payment of its markup and entire principal amount. Consequently, an extraordinary meeting of the TFC holders was held on 19 November 2018 wherein the majority of the TFC holders agreed to extend the maturity date of the TFC Issue for a period of one year (27 October 2019) on the existing terms and conditions as the counter party invoked the lock-in clause governed by clause 4.1.1 of the 'Declaration of Trust' to hold the payment till the minimum capital requirement is met. The clause is mandatorily invoked for the time being until proposed merger; however, at a later stage, the pending merger had been called off. Therefore, another extraordinary meeting of the TFC holders was held on 20 November 2019 wherein, considering the developments, the majority TFC holders agreed to extend the maturity of the TFC Issue for a period of another one year (27 October 2020) on the same terms. In this regard, SBP has given its final approval for the period till 27 October 2019 and has given a seperate in-principal approval for the period covering till 27 October 2020.

Management have not provided any impairment on the said TFCs on subjective basis, due to above facts and the recent developments and negotiations, in these condensed interim unconsolidated financial statements.

9.1.6 It includes investment in unlisted TFCs of PIA amounting to Nil (2019; Rs.11.058 million) against which no provision had been made on the basis of exposure being guaranteed by the Government as stated in Annexure V "Guidelines in the matter of classification and provisioning of assets" of Prudential Regulations R-8 of Corporate / Commercial Banking.

9.1.7	Investments given as collateral	(Un-audited) 30 June 2020	(Audited) 31 December 2019
		Co	st
		(Rupees	in '000)
	Market treasury bills		650,000
	Pakistan investment bonds	17,911,000	13,000,000
		17,911,000	13,650,000
		(Un-audited)	(Audited)
		30 June	31 December
		2020	2019
		(Rupecs i	n '000)
0.2	Provision for diminution in value of investments		
9,2	Provision for diminution in value of investments		
9,2,1	Opening balance	1,410,742	1,493,354
	Add: adjustments during the period	=	100
	Charge / reversals		
	Charge for the period / year	50,627	78,659
	Reversals for the period / year	•	-
	(Reversal) / charge on disposals	(8,752)	(160,530)
		41,875	(81,871)
	Transfers / mark-to-market - net	1,223	(741)
	Amounts written off	-	
	Closing balance	1,453,841	1,410,742

9.3.1 Particulars of provision against debt securities

Category of classification

Domestic

Other assets especially mentioned Substandard Doubtful Loss

(Un-au 30 Ju 202	une	(Audited) 31 December 2019			
Classified	Provision	Classified	Provision		
14	1-	-	÷		
-	-	-			
-	-				
332,549	332,549	332,549	332,549		
332,549	332,549	332,549	332,549		

Overseas

The Company does not have any overseas investment during the period ended June 2020 (2019: Nil)

10 ADVANCES

	Note	Perfo	Performing		Non Performing		ital
		(Un-audited) 30 June 2020	(Audited) 31 December 2019	(Un-audited) 30 June 2020	(Audited) 31 December 2019	(Un-audited) 30 June 2020	(Audited) 31 December 2019
				(Rupee	s in '000)		
Loans		4,004,913	3,492,830	1,266,807	1,320,703	5,271,720	4,813,533
Net investment in finance lease		401,418	484,849	146,938	146,938	548,357	631,788
Staff loans		145,360	144,145			145,360	144,145
Consumer loans and advances		2,476	3,823	38,688	37,907	41,164	41,730
Long-term financing of export oriented projects - (LTF-EOP)		- /-	1	60,179	60,179	60,179	60,179
Long-term financing facility (LTFF)		318,830	336,223	100		318,830	336,223
Refinance scheme for payment of wages & salaries		208,479	_			208,479	
Advances - gross		5,081,477	4,461,871	1,512,613	1,565,728	6,594,091	6,027,599
Provision against advances							
- Specific	10.3	~		1,448,872	1,502,343	1,448,872	1,502,343
- General		(9)		84	104	84	104
		-		1,448,956	1,502,447	1,448,956	1,502,447
Advances - net of provision		5,081,477	4,461,871	63,657	63,281	5,145,134	4,525,152

10.1 Particulars of advances (Gross)
In local currency
In foreign currency

(Unaudited)
June
2020

---- (Rupces in '000) ---6,594,091

---6,594,091

6,027,599

---6,594,091

6,027,599

10.2 Advances include Rs.1,512.61 million (2019: Rs.1,565.73 million) which have been placed under non-performing status as detailed below:

	(Un-au 30 Ju 202	(Audited) 31 December 2019		
Category of classification	Non Performing Loans	Provision	Non Performing Loans	Provision
2.50		(Rupee	s in '000)	
Domestic Other Assets Especially Mentioned	3,122		3,136	
Substandard	992	248	1,274	318
Doubtful	2,687	1,344	1,523	761
Loss	1,505,812	1,447,280	1,559,795	1,501,263
Total	1,512,613	1,448,872	1,565,728	1,502,343

Overseas

The Company does not have any overseas advances during the period ended 30 June 2020 (31 December 2019: Nil).

10.3 Particulars of provision against advances

Particulars of provision against advan		(Un-audited) 30 June 2020		(Audited) 31 December 2019			
	Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total	
	********		(Rupee	s in '000)			
Opening balance	1,502,343	104	1,502,447	1,522,851	134	1,522,985	
Charge for the period	556	-	556	9,212	2010	9,212	
Less: Reversal during the period	(54,027)	(20)	(54,047)	(29,720)	(29)	(29,749)	
Net (reversal) for the period	(53,471)	(20)	(53,491)	(20,508)	(29)	(20,537)	
Less: Amounts written off		-		-		-	
Closing balance	1,448,872	84	1,448,956	1,502,343	104	1,502,447	

10.3.1 Particulars of provision against advances

In local currency In foreign currency	1,448,872	84	1,448,956	1,502,343	104	1,502,447
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1,448,872	84	1,448,956	1,502,343	104	1,502,447

- 10.3.2 The provision against non-performing advances includes an impact of Forced Sale Value (FSV) benefit amounting to Rs.Nil (31 December 2019; Nil) in respect of consumer financing and Rs.58.532 million (2019; Rs.58.532 million) being security deposit in respect of lease financing. The FSV benefit recognised under the Prudential Regulations is not available for the distribution of cash or stock dividend to the shareholders. Further, SBP through its letter no. OSED/SEU-05/041(01)-12/2218/2012 dated 26 December 2012 had stipulated that no dividend, cash or kind, shall be paid out of the benefits realised through the relaxations allowed therein.
- 10.3.3 General provision against consumer finance loans represents provision made equal to 1.5% of the fully secured performing portfolio and 5% of the unsecured performing portfolio as required by the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP for Consumer Financing.

			(Un-audited)	(Audited)
			30 June	31 December
11	FIXED ASSETS	Note	2020	2019
	Capital work-in-progress		(Rupces	n '000)
	Property and equipment	11.1	105,770	87,155
			105,770	87,155
11.1	Capital work-in-progress			
	Civil works		4-	-
	Equipment Advances to vendors		2	
	Others			
			(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)
			30 June	30 June
			2020	2019
11.2	Additions to fixed assets		(Rupees	n '000)
	The following additions have been made to operating fixed assets during the period:			
	Capital work-in-progress		1.5	7
	Property and equipment			18,841
	Freehold land Leaschold land			6.0
	Building on freehold land			12
	Building on leasehold land		1	-
	Furniture and fixture Electrical office and computer equipment		995 574	33 183
	Vehicles		33,239	
	Others Total		34,808	19,057
return to				10,007
11.3	Disposal of fixed assets			
	The net book value of operating fixed assets disposed off during the period is as follows:			
	Freehold land		- 1	V == == ==
	Leasehold land Builling on freehold land		1.	1
	Buidling on leasehold land		2	4
	Furniture and fixture Electrical office and computer equipment			28
	Vehicles		1,831	1,693
	Others Total		1,831	1,721
	Louis		1,001	1,121
			(Un-audited)	(Audited)
			30 June 2020	31 December 2019
12	INTANGIBLE ASSETS		(Rupees	
	Computer software		2,577	3,190
	Others			
			2,577	3,190
			(Un-audited)	(Unaudited)
			30 June	30 June
12.1	Additions to intangible assets		2020 (Rupees	2019 n '000)
	The following additions have been made to intangible assets during the period:			
	Developed internally			
	Directly purchased		2.0	4.1
	Through business combinations			
	Total			
12.2	Disposals of intangible assets			
	The net book value of intangible assets disposed off during the period is as follows:			
	Davidoned internally			
	Developed internally Directly purchased		- 2	
	Through business combinations			17.4
	Total			-
			-	

	(Un-audited) 30 June 2020	(Audited) 31 December 2019
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS / (LIABILITY)	(Rupces	in '000)
Deductible temporary differences on		
- Tax losses carried forward	-	
- Post retirement employee benefits	5,167	4,876
- Deficit on revaluation of investments	-	-
- Accelerated tax depreciation	-	
- Provision against advances, off balance sheet etc.	77,568	77,568
- Others	-	
	82,735	82,444
Taxable temporary differences on		
- Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	•	-
- Surplus on revaluation of investments	(1,688)	15,895
- Accelerated tax depreciation	70	(51)
- Net investment in finance lease	(31,142)	(45,762)
	(32,760)	(29,918)
	49,975	52,526

13.1 As at 30 June 2020, the Company has available provision for advances, investments and other assets amounting to Rs.1,731.52 million (31 December 2019: Rs.1,785.41 million) and unused tax losses upto 30 June 2020 amounting to Rs. 326.658 million (31 December 2019: Rs.539.047 million). However, the management has prudently recognised the deferred tax asset, if any, only to the extent given above based on the absorption / admissibility of the same as forecasted in the projections approved by the Board of Directors. Moreover, no deferred tax asset has been recognised on unused tax losses.

14 OTHER ASSETS

13

O'MAK NOOD ID			
Income / mark-up accrued in local currency - net of provision		1,092,105	892,374
Advances, deposit, advance rent and other prepayments		24,728	19,801
Advance taxation (payments less provisions)		399,830	372,901
Staff retirement gratuity - asset / (liability)	22.1	8,476	8,437
Other receivables		8,253	8,205
		1,533,392	1,301,718
Less: provision held against other assets	14.2	(38,186)	(38,186)
Other assets - net of provison	_	1,495,206	1,263,532
Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims - held for sale	14.1	1,179,360	1,179,360
Surplus on revalution of non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims			
		1,179,360	1,179,360

14.1 Market value of non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims has been disclosed in note 14.1.1 & note 37.2

14.1.1 Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims - held for sale

Opening balance	1,179,360	1,179,360
Additions	5	
Revaluation		-
Disposals	-	
Depreciation		3.1
Impairment		4
Closing balance	1,179,360	1,179,360

This includes non-banking assets acquired under satisfaction of claim in relation to KEL's exposure. These assets comprise of land measuring 14.125 acre, building structure and power plant. The project is situated at Kamoki, District Gujranwala, Punjab, Pakistan.

Considering the strategic importance of KEL, consequent to transfer of the said assets in Company's name the management presented a Management Plan, highlighting all aspects, regarding the Power Project Assets to the Board of Directors. In continuation to the efforts made for the disposal, management appointed M/s. Iqbal A. Nanjee for a new valuation as at 31 December 2019. As per the new valuation the assessed value of these assets were Rs.2.531 billion, whilst forced sale value is Rs.1.570 billion. However the surplus on revaluation on the non-banking assets has not been recorded in these condensed interim unconsolidated financial statements on prudent basis.

		(Un-audited) 30 June 2020	(Audited) 31 December 2019
		(Rupees	in '000)
14.2	Provision held against other assets		
	Advances, deposits, advance rent & other prepayments	38,186	38,186
	Non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	<u> </u>	- 5
	Others	2.3	
		38,186	38,186
14.2.1	Movement in provision held against other assets		
	Opening balance	38,186	18,682
	Charge for the period / year	1	19,504
	Reversals	4.7	-
	Amount written off / (recovered)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-
	Closing balance	38,186	38,186

15. Contingent assets

The Company does not have any contingent assets as at period end June 2020 (31 December 2019; Nil).

16. Bill payable

The Company does not have any bills payable as at period end June 2020 (31 December 2019 : Nil).

17 BORROWINGS

Secured

Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan under:			
Long-term financing facility (LTFF)	17.1	318,315	336,223
Refinance scheme for payment of wages & salaries	17.1	208,479	-
Repurchase agreement borrowings - Repo	17.2	17,911,000	13,444,981
Borrowings from financial institutions	17,3	3,199,000	3,411,500
Total secured		21,636,794	17,192,705
Unsecured			
Clean borrowings		1,424,000	500,000
Bai Muajjal	17.4	1,787,243	4,221,443
		24,848,037	21,914,147

- 17.1 This includes borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan as under:
- (a) The Company has entered into agreements for financing with State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) for long term financing facility (LTFF) to customers. According to terms of respective agreements, the SBP has the right to receive outstanding amount from the Company at the date of maturity of finances by directly debiting current account maintained by the Company with the SBP. Such financing shall carry interest at the rate of 2.0 to 2.5 (2019: 2.0 to 2.5) percent per annum.
- (b) The Company has entered into agreements for financing with State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) for Refinance scheme for payment of wages & salaries to customers. According to terms of respective agreements, the SBP has the right to receive outstanding amount from the Company at the date of maturity of finances by directly debiting current account maintained by the Company with the SBP. Such financing earry 0% (2019: nil) percent per annum interest for all types of eligible borrowers that are on active tax payer list.
- 17.2 The Company has arranged borrowings from various financial institutions against sale and repurchase of Government Securities. The outstanding facilities as at statement of financial position date are due for maturity on various dates latest by 06 July 2020 (31 December 2019: Jan 2020). The rate of mark-up on those facilities range from 7.05 to 8.25 (31 December 2019: 12.85 to 13.40) percent per annum.
- 17.3 This includes borrowings from financial institutions as under:
- (a) Rs.3,000 million (2019; Rs.3,212.5 million) representing long term borrowings from certain financial institutions which are secured by way of first hypothecation charge over assets of the Company with 30 percent margin on the facility amount. They carry a mark-up rate of six months' KIBOR plus 0.25 percent to 0.50 percent per annum payable on semi-annual basis (2019; six months KIBOR plus 0.25 percent to 0.50 percent per annum payable on semi-annual basis). As at 30 June 2020, the applicable interest rates were 7.57 to 14.01 (2019; 13.37 to 14.58) percent per annum. These borrowings are due for maturity latest by December 2023 (2019; July 2023).
- (b) This represents short term borrowings (running finance) from certain financial institutions for period ranging from overnight to 12 months for running finance and 1 month to 12 months. They carry mark-up rate of three months KIBOR plus 0.75 percent per annum. This short term borrowing amounting to Rs.199 million is secured by way of hypothecation on all present and future assets of the company with 30 percent margin.
- 17.4 This represents financing through unsecured Bai Muajjal from a financial institution due for repayment latest by 29 July 2020. The rate of mark-up on this facility ranges from 9.00 to 9.25 (2019: 13.5 to 14.25) percent per annum.

(Un-audited) 30 June 2020 (Audited) 31 December 2019

--- (Rupees in '000) ----

24,848,037

21,914,147

24,848,037

21,914,147

18 DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS

In local currency

In foreign currency

17.2 Particulars of borrowings with respect to currencies

		(Un-audited) 30 June 2020			(Audited) 31 December 2019	
	In local currency	In foreign currency	Total	In local currency	In foreign currency	Total
Customers			Rupec	es in '000		
Certificate of Investment	1,874,026	-	1,874,026	1,551,020	- 1	1,551,020
Term deposits		100	-	-	8	
Others	- 1		4	50	¥	
	1,874,026	-	1,874,026	1,551,020	-	1,551,020
Financial Institutions						
Certificate of Investment	-	-				4-4-
Term deposits	-	140	-2	-	- 1	
Others	-			-		-
	1	20	-	-	-	-
	1,874,026	0-	1,874,026	1,551,020		1,551,020

The profit rates on these Certificates of Investment (COIs) range from 7.75 to 14.50 (31 December 2019: 13.40 to 14.50) percent per annum. These COIs are due for maturity on various dates latest by 08 January 2021 (31 December 2019: 03 September 2020).

19 LIABILITIES AGAINST ASSETS SUBJECT TO FINANCE LEASE

The Company does not have any liabilities subject to lease finance during the period ended June 2020 (31 December 2019; Nil)

20 SUBORDINATED DEBT

The Company does not have any subordinated debt during the period ended June 2020 (31 December 2019: Nil)

21 DEFERED TAX LIABILITIES

The deferred tax liabilities have been considered in note 13, since a net deferred tax asset / liability amount has been disclosed.

22	OTHER LIABILITIES		(Un-audited) 30 June 2020	(Audited) 31 December 2019
	Mark-up/ Return/ Interest payable in local currency		137,905	227,270
	Accrued expenses		51,966	51,067
	Advance payments		27,339	5,647
	Current taxation (provisions less payments)		-	-
	Unclaimed dividends		•	45
	Dividends payable		4	÷
	Mark to market loss on forward foreign exchange contracts		-	(=)
	Employees' compensated absences	22.1	17,961	16,993
	Charity fund balance			15
	Provision against off-balance sheet obligations		-	de.
	Security deposits against lease		77,682	77,682
	Other		514	514
			313,366	379,173

17

22.1 This is based on actuarial valuation carried out as of 31 December 2019 for regular employees and MD & DMD of the Company.

22.2 Provision against off-balance sheet obligations

The Company does not have any provision against off-balance sheet obligations.

23 SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) ON REVALUATION OF ASSETS

Surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of

- Available for sale securities
- Fixed Assets
- Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims

Deferred tax on surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of:

- Available for sale securities
- Fixed Assets
- Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims

(2,423)	(52,171)
	144
-	
(2,423)	(52,171)

(1,931)	15,835		
-			
-	1 te		
(1,931)	15,835		
(4,354)	(36,336)		

	Note	(Un-audited) 30 June 2020	(Audited) 31 December 2019
		(Rupee	in '000)
24	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS		
	- Guarantees 24.1	872,213	869,736
	- Commitments 24,2	959,646	826,128
	- Other contingent liabilities 24.3	213,227	213,227
		2,045,087	1,909,092
24.1	Guarantees:		
	Financial guarantees 24.1.1	841,120	841,120
	Performance guarantees 24.1.1	31,093	28,616
	Other guarantees		-
		872,213	869,736

24.1.1 This represents guarantees issued on behalf of KEL, a joint venture. During the year 2012, a decision was announced by the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan (Court), in which all contracts of RPPs were declared to be illegal and void ab initio and as a result of which the guarantee remained inoperative. Consequently, there cannot be any exposure of the Company under the same.

			(Un-audited) 30 June 2020	(Audited) 31 December 2019
			(Rupees	in '000)
24.2	Commitments:			
	Documentary credits and short-term trade-related transactions			
	- letters of credit	0	350,000	350,000
	Commitments in respect of:		47.1	
	- forward foreign exchange contracts		-	
	- forward government securities transactions			9.0
	- derivatives			-
	- forward lending			
	- operating leases			.=1
	Commitments for acquisition of:			
	- operating fixed assets		-	
	- intangible assets		708	708
	Other commitments	24.2.2	608,938	475,420
			959,646	826,128

24.2.1 Commitments in respect of forward foreign exchange contract, government securities transactions, derivatives, forward The Company does not have any commitment in respect to foreign exchange contract, government securities transactions, derivates and forward lending at period end (31 December 2019: Nil).

	(Un-audited) 30 June 2020	(Audited) 31 December 2019
	(Rupees	in '000)
24.2.2 Other commitments		
Commitments to extend credit	603,513	466,040
Unsettled investment transactions for sale / purchase of listed ordinary shares	-	7,956
Commitment to sell unlisted ordinary shares (refer note 9.1.4)	4,000	-
Commitments against other services	1,425	1,425
	608,938	475,420

24.3 Other contingent liabilities

24.3.1 In financial year 2014, the Company received the appeal effect orders with respect to the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) orders dated 20 February 2013 in relation to tax years 2004, 2005, 2006 and 2008 where the outcome was in favour of the Company in relation to issues of loans and advances written-off, apportionment of expenditure and loans to executives/officers and the resulting refunds were adjusted against the tax liability for the tax years 2009 and 2010. Based on the decision of ATIR, overall resulting relief and brought forward losses, there was 'nil' additional tax liability remaining for tax years 2009 and 2010. In June 2015, the Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue issued orders under section 221/124 of the ITO for the tax years 2003 to 2010 to give the appeal effect of the ATIR order. Upon Company's rectification application, a rectified order was issued which resulted in a refund of Rs.122.777 million in tax year 2010. The Tax department has filed the references before Honorable High Court of Sindh against the order of ATIR.

19

- 24.3.2 For the tax year 2011, Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue (DCIR) vide order dated 30 August, 2013 passed under section 122(1) read with section 177 of Income Tax Ordinance (ITO) issued the amended assessment order and raised a demand of Rs.84.392 million. The demand mainly pertains to additions made for apportionment of expenses to dividend income/capital gains/(losses), disallowance of interest payable on accrual basis, provision for loans and advances and loss on termination of leased assets etc. The Company filed a refund claim of Rs.70.53 million for the tax year 2011 through a revised tax return. The Company filed an appeal with Commissioner Inland Revenue Appeals on 14 October 2013. The CIR (A) disposed the appeal vide his order No. 22 dated 26 December 2016. In relation to the said appeal, CIR (A) confirmed the treatment of DCIR on certain issues, whilst few matters were decided in favour of the Company. Therefore, an appeal before ATIR to contest the various treatments adopted in the above mentioned order issued by CIR(A) has been filed in addition to a rectification application on 02 March 2017. The appeal is pending before ATIR and has not been fixed yet.
- 24.3.3 For the tax year 2013, the Company received a tax demand of Rs.24.3 million on 11 November 2014 vide order under section 122 (5A) of the ITO. Against this order, rectification application was filed vide letter T-2798/2012 dated 12 December 2014 wherein it has been highlighted that the issue of apportionment of expenditure against dividend income and capital gain has been decided in favour of the Company by ATIR. Also, the Tax department did not consider the payment of tax of Rs.13.47 million. In June 2015, a rectification order under section 221 of the ITO was passed by the Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue to give effect of apportionment of financial charges and tax credits. Consequently the tax department revised its tax demand and reduced it to Rs.13.198 million. The Company filed an appeal with Commissioner Inland Revenue Appeals (CIRA) on 22 December 2014. The CIR (A) disposed the appeal vides his order No. 23 dated 26 December 2016. In relation to the said appeal, the CIR (A) confirmed the treatment of the ACIR on certain issues whilst few matters were decided in favour of the Company. Therefore, an appeal before ATIR to contest the various treatments adopted in the above mentioned order issued by CIR(A) has been filed in addition to a rectification application on 02 March 2017. The appeal is pending before ATIR and has not been fixed yet.
- 24.3.4 For the tax year 2014, the ACIR passed an order wherein he demanded tax of Rs.57.866 million disallowing the provision for non-performing loan and advances, apportionment of financial and administrative expenses against dividend income and capital gain, penalty imposed by the State Bank of Pakistan, treated the expenditure incurred on privately placed TFCs as capital expenditure and charged WWF. The Company filed an appeal with Commissioner Inland Revenue Appeals (CIRA) on 22 November 2016. The CIR (A) disposed the appeal vides his order No. 13 dated 16 January 2017. In relation to the said appeal, the CIR (A) confirmed the treatment of the ACIR on certain issues whilst few matters were decided in favour of the Company. Therefore, an appeal before ATIR to contest the various treatments adopted in the above mentioned order issued by CIR(A) has been filed on 02 March 2017. The appeal is pending before ATIR and has not been fixed yet.
- 24.3.5 For the tax year 2015, the ADCIR passed an order wherein he demanded tax of Rs.46.669 million disallowing the provision for non-performing advances, Write off against KSE-TREC and loss on sale of non-banking assets, apportionedthe financial and administrative expenses against dividend income and capital gain, disallowed penalty imposed by the State Bank of Pakistan and treated the expenditure incurred on privately placed TFCs as capital expenditure, whilst treatment on certain matters were decided in favour of the Company. Therefore, an appeal before CIR(A), to contest the various treatments adopted in the above mentioned order issued by ADCIR, has been filed on 16 April 2019.
- 24.3.6 For the tax year 2017, the ADCIR passed an order under section 122(1)/ (5) of the Ordinance on September 30, 2019. As a result of the order passed there is no change in the tax liability. However, loss declared as per return Rs.611.559 million reduced to Rs.133.227 million. In the order passed DCIR disallowed the provision for non-performing advances, apportioned the financial and administrative expenses against dividend income and capital gain, board meeting expenses and treated the expenditure incurred on privately placed TFCs as capital expenditure, whilst treatment on certain matters were decided in favour of the Company. Therefore, an appeal before CIR(A), to contest the various treatments adopted in the above mentioned order issued by ADCIR, appeal has been filed on 29 October 2019.

No provision has been made in these condensed interim unconsolidated financial statements in respect of above mentioned matters as the management is hopeful of a favourable outcome on these matters considering the appellate history and tax advisor's opinion.

24.3.7 The Company, through its lawyer, has challenged in Sindh High Court (SHC) section 2(g)(V), 5(3), 5(4) and 6(1) of the Sindh Workers Welfare Fund Act, 2014 to be unlawful and void ab initio. The Court as an interim measure passed the order that no coercive action shall be taken against the Company till next date of hearing as suit No 610/2017, in which almost 20 Financial Institutions have filed a Composite Suit challenging the same law, requires hearing. At period end, the outcome was still pending.

25 DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS
The Company did not enter into any interest rate swaps, forward rate agreements and foreign exchange options during the period (31 December 2019; Nil)

		Note	(Un-audited) 30 June 2020	(Un-audited) 30 June 2019
			(Rupees i	in '000)
26	MARK-UP/RETURN/INTEREST EARNED			
	loans and advances		301,870	223,999
	Investments		1,311,013	417,794
	Lendings to financial institutions		167,235	84,083
	Balance with banks		2,165	1,109
	Others		1,782,283	726,985
27	MARK-UP/RETURN/INTEREST EXPENSED			
	Deposits		100,147	40,811
	Borrowings		1,378,460	728,441
	Subordinated debt			
	Cost of foreign currency swaps against foreign currenty deposits/ borrowings		1,478,607	769,252
			1,170,007	100,202
28	FEE & COMMISSION INCOME			
	Branch banking customer fees			•
	Consumer finance related fees		*	
	Card related fees (debit and credit cards)			2.022
	Credit related fees		5,764	2,033
	Investment banking fees Commission on trade		3-11	
	Commission on guarantees		2,587	517
	Commission on cash management		2,007	
	Commission on remittances including home remittances			
	Commission on bancassurance			1.4
	Others		4.	
			8,350	2,550
29	GAIN/(LOSS) ON SECURITIES - NET	523		
	Realised	29.1	439,995	(73,829)
	Unrealised-held for trading		(1,620) 438,375	(456) (74,284)
29.1	Realised gain on:			
	Federal government securities		426,290	(78,943)
	Shares		14,136	4,607
	Non-government debt securities		(430)	507
	Associates		1.5	
	Subsidiaries Others			
	Others		439,995	(73,829)
30	OTHER INCOME		A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	CO. OF ~ 74
	Rent on property		1,857	1,937
	Gain on sale of operating fixed assets		413	449
	Gain on sale of non-banking assets - net			0.000
	Bank charges on consumer and SME-RBD portfolio Others		14	2,689
	Oulcis		2,284	5,125
			2,204	5,125

	(Un-audited) 30 June 2020	(Un-audited) 30 June 2019
OPERATING EXPENSES	(Rupees	in '000)
Total compensation expense	159,588	154,79
Property expense		
Rent and taxes	100	
Insurance	2,041	1,16
Utilities cost	2,035	1,93
Security (including guards)	525	50
Repair and maintenance (including janitorial charges)	7,474	7,15
Depreciation	1,400	92
Others	3,113	
	13,576	11,68
Information technology expenses		
Software maintenance	1,062	1,18
Hardware maintenance	315	76
Depreciation	769	1,15
Amortisation	613	56
Network charges	523	46
BCP expense	366	30
	3,647	4,48
Other operating expenses		
Directors' fees and allowances	8,772	2,08
Board meeting expenses	5,912	11,82
Fees and allowances to Shariah Board		
Legal and professional charges	4,722	4,94
Outsourced services costs	2,685	3,68
Travelling and conveyance	1,491	1,80
NIFT clearing charges		
Depreciation	12,191	8,25
Training and development	452	49
Postage and courier charges	108	10
Communication	2,374	2,13
Head office / regional office expenses		
(only for branches of foreign banks operating in Pakistan)		
Stationery and printing	614	1,24
Marketing, advertisement & publicity	1,525	1,33
Donations		
Auditors' remuneration	502	56
Meal and business networking expenses	175	45
Canteen expenses	256	29
Liveries and uniform	316	21
Hajj expense	498	44
Bank charges	106	9
Miscellaneous expenses	28	3
iviscenaneous expenses	42,726	40,04
	219,537	211,01

			(Un-audited) 30 June 2020	(Un-audited) 30 June 2019
			(Rupees	in '000)
32	OTHER CHARGES Arrangement fee and documentation charges Brokerage commission & CDC charges Expenses for privately placed term finance certificates Expenses pertaining to KEL Penalties imposed by State Bank of Pakistan Penalties imposed by other regulatory bodies	,	4,513 - 4,013 183 - 8,770	68 1,580 - 3,533 - 5,181
33	PROVISIONS & WRITE OFFS - NET Provisions against lending to financial institutions Loss on non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims Provisions for diminution in value of investments (Reversal) / provisions against loans and advances (Reversal) / provision against other recevable Bad debts written off directly Recovery of written off / charged off bad debts	9.2 10.3 14.2.1	41,875 (53,491)	68,628 3,395 19,504
34	TAXATION Current Prior years Deferred		155,982 - (15,214) 140,768	17,617 - (2,046) 15,571

Due to current year tax loss, the Company made provision for applicable minimum tax and income tax at fixed rates. Therefore, relationship between tax expense and accounting profit for the period / year has not been presented.

		(Un-audited) 30 June 2020	(Un-audited) 30 June 2019
35	BASIC EARNINGS/ (LOSS) PER SHARE	(Rupees	in '000)
	Profit / (loss) for the period	420,838	(403,884)
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	686,091	614,178
	Basic earnings / (loss) per share (Rupecs)	613.4	(657.6)
36	DILUTED EARNINGS/ (LOSS) PER SHARE		
	Profit / (loss) profit for the period	420,838	(403,884)
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares (adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares)	686,091	614,178
	Diluted earnings / (loss) per share (Rupees)	613.4	(657.6)

37 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The fair value of quoted securities other than those classified as held to maturity, is based on quoted market price. The fair value of unquoted equity securities, other than investments in associates and subsidiaries, is determined on the basis of the break-up value of these investments as per their latest available audited financial statements.

The fair value of unquoted debt securities, fixed term loans, other assets, other liabilities, fixed term deposits and borrowings cannot be calculated with sufficient reliability due to the absence of a current and active market for these assets and liabilities and reliable data regarding market rates for similar instruments.

37.1 Fair value of financial assets

The Company measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Fair value measurements using input for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised:

	(Un-Audited) 30 June 2020					
On balance sheet financial instruments	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3 s in '000	Total		
On datance sheet imancial instruments		Rupee	s in '000	**********		
Financial assets - measured at fair value						
Investments						
Federal government securities	10 mm ()	19,288,935	-	19,288,935		
Provincial government securities		4				
Shares	924,182		5,500	929,682		
Non-government debt securifies		859,080	-	859,080		
Foreign securities	-	-				
Others	•	-		-		
Financial assets - disclosed but not measured at fair value						
Investments	-		1,458,778	1,458,778		
Cash and balances with treasury banks	14	- 2	107,216	107,216		
Balances with other banks	141	-	170,054	170,054		
Lendings to financial institutions	-		2,250,000	2,250,000		
Advances	-		5,145,134	5,145,134		
Other assets	4	10	1,495,206	1,495,200		
Financial liabilities - disclosed but not measured at fair value						
Borrowings	N.=		(24,848,037)	(24,848,037		
Deposits and other accounts	-		(1,874,026)	(1,874,026		
Other liabilities	-	-	(313,366)	(313,366		
Off-balance sheet financial instruments - measured at fair value						
Forward purchase of foreign exchange	*	(*	-	-7		
Forward sale of foreign exchange	-5	7.5	-			
Forward agreements for lending	(a	(4)	-	-		
Forward agreements for borrowing	12		- 1	2		
Derivatives purchases	-	-	_	-		
Derivatives sales		_	12			
TUTAL A TOPA A TRIVIATION OF THE TOPACH	924,182	20,148,015	(16,403,541)	4,668,656		

		The State of	dited) nber 2019	
a Jakot Luak witer Turnal	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
On balance sheet financial instruments	***************************************	Rupee	s in '000	
Financial assets - measured at fair value				
Investments				
Federal government securities	Y.	15,407,980		15,407,980
Provincial government securities	-	-	+	-
Shares	871,381	-	5,500	876,881
Non-government debt securities	-	861,228	-	861,228
Foreign securities	-	-	-	-
Others		•	4	-
			1 005 004	1 000 001
Financial assets - disclosed but not measured at fair value	*	-	1,875,974	1,875,974
Investments	-	-	32,474	32,474
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks	-		134,554	134,554
Entransia de la compansión de la compans	97	75	2,800,000	2,800,000
Lendings to financial institutions Advances	7	-	4,525,152	4,525,152
Other assets		•	1,263,532	1,263,532
Financial liabilities - disclosed but not measured at fair value	*	14,0	(21,914,147)	(21,914,147
Borrowings	.75	-	(1,551,020)	(1,551,020
Deposits and other accounts Other liabilities			(379,173)	(379,173
Off-balance sheet financial instruments - measured at fair value	-	-	29	
Forward purchase of foreign exchange Forward sale of foreign exchange	-	-	3	•
Company of Control Control	-1	*	-	-
Forward agreements for lending	57	*	-	-
Forward agreements for borrowing	2	•	-	2
Derivatives purchases	+	4	- 2	1
Derivatives sales	871,381	16,269,208	(13,207,154)	3,933,436

37.2 Fair value of non-financial assets

	1000		
Level 1	Level 2Rupees	Level 3 in '000	Total
	2,530,518	1.5	2,530,518
	2,530,518		2,530,518
Level I	Level 2	Level 3 in '000	Total
-	2,530,518		2,530,518
	2,530,518		2,530,518
	-	30 Jun Level 1 Level 2 - Rupees - 2,530,518 - 2,530,518 (Auc 31 Decem Level 1 Level 2 - Rupees - 2,530,518	

Methodology and Valuation Approach

For the purposes of valuation, valuer carried out inspection and survey of the land, building, plant and machinery. They verified the capacity of the Engines and Alternators from their nameplate rating. The plant is mostly second-hand and the engines have run 50/60,000 hours.

Land

The valuer verified the land by examining the land purchase/ ownership documents or copies thereof, apart from physical verification. The valuation of land is based upon prevailing market rates for similar usage without any restrictions for sale, transfers, etc. for large areas and the prevailing market condition at the location. For this purpose the valuer also made inquiries from the local dealers of the area and assessed the value at Rs.56.500 million (2019: Rs. 56.500 million).

Buildings And Civil Works

All civil works were physically inspected to ascertain the type of construction, finishes and present condition. The structures covered are the owned and developed assets on owned land and long leased land holdings. The verification was also made from the architectural drawings and completion drawings as available. The buildings were checked to ascertain the maintenance standard and construction at site in accordance with the drawings. A suitable depreciation factor depending upon the present condition and life of the buildings was applied to arrive at the present assessed value is Rs.150.570 million (2019: Rs. 150.570 million).

Plant and Machinery including Spares

The machinery at the site (including spares) were physically verified as far as possible, according to their description, specification and location. Purchase invoices were used in order to determine the historical cost.

For the purpose of valuation of plant, machinery and equipment, valuer enquired values of second-hand machinery and checked their own archives, apart from the local market, keeping in view the make, model, capacity & present condition of the plant, which resulted in valuation of Rs.1,363.009 million (2019: Rs. 1,363.009 million).

As the machinery items are also lying at the port and segments are distributed into various containers at the Plant site, this will present some problems in assembling and in absence of comprehensive assembly drawings and technical specification / rusting problems, the realisable value will suffer.

At year end 2018, the Company performed an impairment review to ascertain that the carrying amount of the power plant does not exceed its recoverable amount; the review was based on a financial model with various assumptions, as the power plant has not started its operations yet. Considering the assets being non-operational, the management engaged an external valuation expert to assess the value of these assets. As a result of the assessment, the management considered that no impairment on these assets is required for the year ended 31 December 2019, as the revised market/assessed as well as forced sales values based on the report of valuation expert, exceeded their carrying values as at 31 December 2019. Consequently, as per new valuation at year end the assessed value is Rs. 2,530.518 million (2019; Rs. 2,530.518 million).

Management of the Company after critically evaluating its options had finalised the terms of restructuring deal for the disposal of these assets with a specialised engineering firm. Under the arrangement, both the parties agreed to enter into a business venture whereby the assets of KEL would be used for setting up of captive power plants to be used for industrial units through power purchase agreements on 'Build Own Operate' or 'Build Own Operate Transfer' basis. As per agreement, the total consideration will be paid from the power plant cashflows to be received from time to time on such dates and with such amounts as mutually agreed by the parties. The beneficial ownership of these assets will be transferred to KPL on proportionate basis against part payment of the total consideration, however, the legal title will only transfer upon receipt of entire total consideration of Rs.1.2 billion. These power plants can be sold to prospective buyers, in parts or in full. Consequently, the transaction has been professionally structured and amicably closed between both the parties.

38 SEGMENT INFORMATION

38.1 Segment Details with respect to Business Activities

The segment analysis with respect to business activity is as follow:

			30 June 2020	(Un-audited)		
	Corporate and Investment Banking	Treasury	Capital Markets	SME & Retail Banking	Un-allocated / others	Total
Profit and loss						
Net mark-up/return/profit	79,299	232,456	+	10,831	(18,909)	303,676
Inter segment revenue - net		-	-	-	-	-
Non mark-up / return / interest income	8,342	425,984	38,004	23	2,270	474,622
Total Income	87,641	658,440	38,004	10,853	(16,639)	778,298
Segment direct expenses	12,554	11,477	7,832	6,730	64,305	102,897
Inter segment expense allocation	1,110	1,360	752	2,765	119,424	125,412
Total expenses	13,664	12,837	8,584	9,495	183,729	228,308
(Reversal) / (recovery) / provision	(53,896)	2	41,875	404		(11,616)
Profit / (loss) before tax	127,873	645,603	(12,456)	954	(200,368)	561,606

			30 June 2020	(Un-audited)		
Balance Sheet	Corporate and Investment Banking	Treasury	Capital Markets	SME & Retail Banking	Un-allocated / others	Total
Cash and bank balances		277,269				277,269
Investments	3,697,304	19,497,709	995,303	-		24,190,316
Net inter segment lending		-		-	_	-
Lendings to financial institutions		2,283,064	-	-	-	2,283,064
Advances - performing	4,490,882	-	-	445,237	145,360	5,081,480
- non-performing	1,473,924			38,687	- 12.0.1.	1,512,611
Others	1,359,561	892,800	266	27,316	591,133	2,871,075
Less: Provision (Loan and advances)	(1,415,394)	-		(33,562)		(1,448,956
Less: Provision (Investments)	(1,335,501)	(9,371)	(108,969)		-	(1,453,841)
Less: Provision (Lending)		(33,064)	-	-	2	(33,064
Less: Provision (Others)	(22,320)	(9,757)	-	-	(6,109)	(38,186
Total Assets	8,248,457	22,898,649	886,600	477,678	730,384	33,241,767
Borrowings	4,875,775	19,488,337	21	483,924	1	24,848,037
Subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	*	
Deposits and other accounts	-	1,874,026	-	-	1-	1,874,026
Net inter segment borrowing	-	-	¥.	-		-
Others	106,453	136,473	653	6,332	54,980	304,890
Total liabilities	4,982,228	21,498,836	653	490,256	54,980	27,026,953
Equity	4,579,555		1,150,096	-	476,688	6,206,338
Total equity and liabilities	9,561,782	21,498,836	1,150,748	490,256	531,668	33,233,292
Contingencies and commitments	1,720,734	-		94,340	230,013	2,045,087

30 June 2019 (Un-audited)

	Corporate and Investment Banking	Treasury	Capital Markets	SME & Retail Banking	Un-allocated / others	Total
Profit and loss						
Net mark-up/return/profit	1,345	(40,767)	-	16,364	(19,210)	(42,267)
Inter segment revenue - net			-	-		
Non mark-up / return / înterest income	2,725	(79,385)	32,875	3,027	2,434	(38,323
Total Income	4,070	(120,151)	32,875	19,391	(16,776)	(80,591
Segment direct expenses	11,424	8,152	7,658	7,556	58,220	93,010
Inter segment expense allocation	1,111	1,748	760	2,684	116,882	123,185
Total expenses	12,535	9,900	8,418	10,240	175,102	216,195
(Reversal) / (recovery) / provision	30,444	9,752	50,686	645		91,528
Profit / (loss) before tax	(38,909)	(139,803)	(26,229)	8,506	(191,878)	(388,313
			31 December	2019 (Audited)		
Balance Sheet	Corporate and Investment Banking	Treasury	Capital Markets	SME & Retail Banking	Un-allocated / others	Total
Cash and bank balances	•	167,029	-			167,029
nvestments	3,896,567	15,616,753	917,337	-	*	20,430,657
Net inter segment lending	-	2	-	-	*	-
Lendings to financial institutions	and a second	2,833,064	-	1.5	4.00	2,833,064
Advances - performing	3,784,404	-	•	533,323	144,145	4,461,873
- non-performing	1,527,820	-	*	37,907	Total Photos	1,565,727
Others	1,351,197	705,439	•	15,098	543,778	2,615,512
ess: Provision (Loan and advances)	(1,469,289)	-		(33,158)		(1,502,448
Less: Provision (Investments)	(1,334,110)	(9,371)	(67,261)		2.	(1,410,742
ess: Provision (Lending)	-	(33,064)	=	-	9	(33,064
ess: Provision (Others)	(22,320)	(9,757)	-	2	(6,109)	(38,186
Cotal Assets	7,734,269	19,270,092	850,076	553,170	681,814	29,089,421
Borrowings	3,868,100	17,492,877	-	553,170		21,914,147
Subordinated debt	*	-			4,	-
Deposits and other accounts	-	1,551,020	-	•	-	1,551,020
Vet inter segment borrowing		· ·		-	1	
Others	83,330	227,270	7,399	8,612	44,126	370,736
Total liabilities	3,951,430	19,271,167	7,399	561,782	44,126	23,835,903
Equity	3,782,839	-	998,904		471,775	5,253,518
Total Equity & liabilities	7,734,269	19,271,167	1,006,302	561,782	515,901	29,089,421

1,669,736

Contingencies & Commitments

7,956

14,340

217,060

1,909,092

39 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Campany has related pumy relationship with its parent, associate, joint ventoure, solvabilitys, state controlled emities (by virtue of government abareholding), companies with common directorships, employees benefit plans, key management personnel and its directors.

The Company enters into transactions with related parties in the normal course of business. The transactions were carried out at contracted rates. Transactions with key management personnels are governed by the applicable policies and or terms of employment of elike. Key management personnels are fluor personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or EEO/MD.

Details of transactions with related parties during the year, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these condensed interim unconsolidated femicial statements are as follows:

				0 June 2020 (U	n-audited)			31 December 2019 (Audited)							
	Parent	Directors	Key manage- ment personnel	Subsidiaries	Associates	Joint venture	Other related parties (2) (Rupees in	Parent	Directors	Key manage- ment personnel	Subsidiaries	Associates	Joint venture	Other related parties (2)	
Balances with other hanks			Salve Be 1017			2.00	(Rupees in	000)		ALL VIEW PROPERTY OF					
In current accounts				1.0			100,778		- 40					32,31	
In deposit accounts							- 0.7		-						
							100,778	-1						32,31	
Lendings to financial institutions															
Opening balance			14	-			250,000	4			41	- 2		250,00	
Addition during the year	-	-					250,000		14	-			+	750,000	
Repaid during the year	-			200			(250,000)					- 4		(750,00	
Transfer in / (out) - net															
Clasing balance							250,000	- 3			- 2			250,000	
Insestments															
Opening balance		0.40	0.	5,000	500	704,867	15,726,138	-	-		5,000	500	704,867	8,789,80	
Investment made during the year	-	-					13,043,355	-	-	-	-		-	67,889,59	
Investment redeemed / disposed off during the year							(9,314,006)	-				-		(60,949,10	
Transfer in / (out) - net		-2.	-				3.0.3.0.3			-	- 4	4	-	(4,15)	
Closing balance				5,000	500	704,867	19,455,487		-		5,000	500	704,867	15,726,131	
Provision for diminution in value of investments					-	704,867	75,530						704,867	69,85	
Surplus / (deficit) in value of investments				16	-6		116,500		*					2,13:	
Advances															
Opening balance		(-)	49,273	140	1.0	4.0	38.835			59,207	140	-	4	39,82	
Addition during the year	1.5	-	8,414	-			- 1		-	2,081				2.30	
Repaid during the year	-		(6,564)				(1,686)	-		(12,015)				(3.29)	
Transfer in / (out) - net		40	12,035	12			(13,789)		- 4						
Closing balance			63,158				23,360		- 54	49,273			-	38,83	
Provision held against advances	-	-	-		-	-				-	-	-	-	-	

			1	0 June 2020 (U	n-audited)			31 December 2019 (Audited)							
	Parent	Directors	Key manage- ment personnel	Subsidiaries	Associates	Joint venture	Other related parties (2)	Parent	Directors	Key manage meat personnel	Subsidiaries	Associates	Joint venture	Other related parties (2)	
		-		The state of	HEI/HEILING KE		(Rupees in	.000) ———							
Other Assets Interest / mark-up accrued			2,004				738,935			1,364				*****	
Receivable from staff retirement fund		-		-		7						7	-	609,9	
		40.0		1,424					250	-	11,72%			~	
Other receivable (4)		5,983					7.	-	5,983	T.	1,376		7		
Other advances		5,066		-		-	- 7	- 5	1,430	338				20	
Advance taxation							399,830				- 21		- 2	372,9	
Provision against other assets		(5,983)	-		-				(5,983)	-	-	-	-	(9)	
Borrowings															
Opening balance						-	6,059,105		-					6,590,49	
Borrowings during the year						2	163,399,620			-	3	9		183,148,76	
Settled during the year			- 4			2	(165,197,930)		10	20		3	- 8	(183,680,15	
Transfer in / (out) - net		- 1					(103,137,330)							(163,040,1.	
Closing balance	-		- 3	-			4,260,795		-			-		6,059,10	
Closing balance		-			-	-	4,260,793		•			-	-	6,059,10	
Suburdinated debt															
Opening balance		2			-			1.4	- 2	14	2.0	20			
Issued / Porchased during the year		-			4.5	-			-	-	- 11	-	-		
Redemption / Sold during the year				- 4				- 2							
Closing balance															
Deposits and other accounts															
Opening balance	12		-	-	185,000		1,336,020		2			200,000	- 2	315,57	
Received during the year					175,000		5,700,207		- 0			790,000	2	5,502,35	
Withdrawn during the year					(185,000)		(5,446,244)					(805,000)	-	(4,481,98	
Transfer in / (out) - net					(105,004)		(3,410,244)		-		47	(803,000)			
Closing balance		-:	- :	-:-	175,000	- 1	1,589,983		- :	-	4	185,000		1,336,03	
Name of State of Stat															
Other Liabilities					2000		DAGE SEE					515			
Interest / mark-up payable		-			186		36,505	161	-	-		348	-	35,8	
Payable to staff retirement fund	100				*		(8,476)		-				7.	(8,43	
Other liabilities	5,047	3,411	-		-	1,008	520		-	*)	- 4		1,008	8	
C. W															
Contingencies and Commitments						1000000	475754						1488444	1024 2	
Other contingencies					-	872,213	213,227		-				869,736	213,22	

		30 June 2020 (Un-audited)							30 June 2019 (Un-audited)							
	Parent	Directors	Key manage- ment personnel	Subildiartes	Associates	Joint venture	Other related parties (2)	Parent	Directors	Key manage- ment personnel	Subsidiaries	Associates	Joint venture	Other related parties (2)		
		197					(Rupres is	(000)	-	MALL STATE						
Income																
Mark-up / return / interest earned -net	-	-7	1,662	3.			1,153,596	- 2	-	757			4	295,87		
Fee and commission income		-				-		-	-				100	9.00		
Dividend Income	10						4,750			16			-	5,30		
Gain on sale of securities - net	-	(To)					5,801	- 2	140	-				1,76		
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	÷.	-			14		72	3	339	-						
Expense																
Mark-up / return / interest expensed	-	2	12	2	12,177	-	352,887	12	2	- 2	100	9,502		152,83		
Operating expenses																
Office maintenance and related expenses					7,087				-	*	10.1	6,601				
on-executive directors' remuneration		6,672				-			2,082				14			
oard meeting expense		5,022	1,480				767	-	9,100	1,136			-	57		
ernunerations		56,381	33,807	*			19,455		52,722	30,426		*		18,47		
onsultancy expense				24.5	3.65	792				-40				7		
ontribution to defined contribution plan	-	2,075	913	97	*		355	-	1,884	747			-	41		
ontribution to defined benefit plan	2	2,129	2,418		. 6	-	739		1,878	2,405	-	-		98		
Pepreciation	-	9,224	405				106	*	4,843	314	(4)			15		
ther Charges																
Others	-	2	-		140	1,317		1		3		*1	693			
usurance premium pald	5	-				1,904	9	100		**			2,767			
usurance claims seitled		-							-	**				10-		

⁽¹⁾ Executives directors and key management personand are also entitled to the usage of certain Company assets as per liferit terms of employment.

(2) It includes state controlled entities, certain other material risk takers and controllers.

(3) Transactions with owners have been directored in Statement of changes in equity?

(4) In financial year 2017, Rs. 26.11 millions was paid in former Deepto Managing Director (OMD) of the Company, who was relocated to Libys on 31 March 2017, on account of depreciation benefit, transportation cost and tax paid by the Company. The Board subsequently resolved that the said benefits will be recovered from femore DEMD partly from sele precedus of the car atmendated by former DEMD to the Company and partly from execul payment. The car was disposed off in financial year 2018 against safe proceeds of Rs. 9.11 millions in addition to actual early received amounting to Rs. 1.7 billion received from abarchothers, out of which shares amounting to Rs. 1.7 billion have been issued during the period.

	(Un-audited) 30 June 2020	(Audited) 31 December 2019
CAPITAL ADEQUACY, LEVERAGE RATIO & LIQUIDITY REQUIREMENTS	(Rupee	s in '000)
Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR):		
Paid-up capital (net of losses)	5,514,874	3,778,204
Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR):		
Eligible Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) Capital Eligible Additional Tier 1 (ADT 1) Capital	4,413,270	2,254,643
Total Eligible Tier 1 Capital Eligible Tier 2 Capital	4,413,270	2,254,643
Total Eligible Capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2)	4,413,270	2,254,643
Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs):		
Credit Risk	10,077,178	9,360,978
Market Risk	5,268,661	2,506,235
Operational Risk Total	514,012 15,859,851	514,012 12,381,225
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy ratio	27.83%	18,219
Tier I Capital Adequacy Ratio	27.83%	18.219
Total Capital Adequacy Ratio	27.83%	18.219
Leverage Ratio (LR):		
Eligiblle Tier-1 Capital	4,413,270	2,254,643
Total Exposures	51,513,515	42,146,137
Leverage Ratio	8.57%	5.35%
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR):		
Total High Quality Liquid Assets	839,801	1,816,155
Total Net Cash Outflow	3,454,689	2,632,983
Liquidity Coverage Ratio	24%	69%
Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR):		
Total Available Stable Funding	10,891,134	9,921,272
Total Required Stable Funding	9,487,953	8,844,084
Net Stable Funding Ratio	115%	1129

41 ISLAMIC BANKING BUSINESS

The Company, being a conventional financial institution / DFI, does not have any Islamic banking operation / activities.

		Note	(Un-audited) 30 June 2020	(Un-audited) 30 June 2019
			(Rupees	in '000)
42	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	Term deposit receipts (TDRs)	8.1	1,600,000	1,750,000
	Cash and balance with treasury banks	6	107,216	29,073
	Balance with other banks	7	170,054	42,084
	Others		-	
			1,877,270	1,821,157

42.1 These term deposit receipts (TDRs) are due for maturity on various dates between September 2020 to October 2020.

43. NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION DATE

There is no event subsequent to the statement of financial position date that requires disclosure in these interim unconsolidated financial statements.

44. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

Chief Financial Officer

Director

These financial statements were authorised for issue on 15 August 2020 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

45. GENERAL

- 45.1 In its latest rating announcement (June 2020), the Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) has maintained the Company's rating of AA-(Double A Minus) in the long term and A1+ (A One Plus) in the short term (with Stable outlook assigned to ratings; 2019: Negative outlook).
- 45.2 Amounts in these financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupee, unless otherwise stated.

45.3 Certain comparative figures have been reclassified in order to present information on a basis consistent with current period.

Managing Director & CEO